



Insurance Committee Public Hearing

February 10, 2009

Testimony on behalf of the

Connecticut Association of Health Plans

regarding

HB 6240 AAC Requiring Health Insurance Coverage for Prescription Drugs for Persons with Autism.

The Connecticut Association of Health Plans respectfully opposes adoption of HB 6240. While the mandate is laudable in its intent, the proposal must be considered in the context of the larger debate on access and affordability of health care. Both the General Assembly and the Administration have pledged this year to address the needs of the approximately 400,000 Connecticut residents who lack health insurance coverage. As we all know, the reasons people go without insurance are wide and varied, but most certainly cost is a major component. As you discuss the proposal above, please consider the following:

- Connecticut has 49 mandates, which is the 5th highest behind Maryland (58), Virginia (53), California (51) and Texas (50). The average number of mandates per state is 34.
 (OLR Report 2004-R-0277 based on info provided by the Blue Cross/Blue Shield Assoc.)
- o For all mandates listed, the total cost impact reported reflects a range of **6.1% minimum** to **46.3% maximum**. (OLR Report 2004-R-0277 based on info provided by the Dept. of Insurance)
- o State mandated benefits are generally not applicable to employers (generally large employers) that self-insure their employee benefit plans. **Small employers bear the brunt of the costs.** (OLR Report 2004-R-0277)
- o The National Center for Policy Analysis (NCPA) estimates that 25% of the uninsured are priced out of the market by state mandates. A study commissioned by the Health Insurance Assoc. of America (HIAA) and released in January 1999, reported that "...a fifth to a quarter of the uninsured have no coverage because of state mandates, and federal mandates are likely to have larger effects. (OLR Report 2004-R-0277)
- o Mandates increased 25-fold over the period, 1970-1996, an average annual growth rate of more than 15%. The Health Insurance Portability & Accountability Act (HIPAA) alone will add billions of dollars in new compliance costs to the healthcare system. (PriceWaterhouseCoopers: The Factors Fueling rising Healthcare Costs- April 2002)
- National statistics suggest that for every 1% increase in premiums, 300,000 people become uninsured. (Lewin Group Letter: 1999)

o "According to a survey released in 2002 by the Kaiser Family Foundation (KFF) and Health Research and Educational Trust (HRET), employers faced an average 12.7% increase in health insurance premiums that year. A survey conducted by Hewitt Associates shows that employers encountered an additional 13% to 15% increase in 2003. For 2004, the outlook is for more double-digit increases. If premiums continue to escalate at their current rate, employers will pare down the benefits offered, shift a greater share of the cost to their employees, or be forced to stop providing coverage." (OLR Report 2004-R-0277)

We thank you for your consideration.